

Compared with virgin PA 66, this 30% glass fibre reinforced and heat stabilised nylon grade offers increased strength, stiffness, creep resistance and dimensional stability whilst retaining an excellent wear resistance. It also allows higher max. service temperatures.

Physical properties (indicative values ■)

PROPERTIES	Test methods	Units	VALUES
Colour	-	-	black
Density	ISO 1183-1	g/cm ³	1.29
Water absorption:			
- after 24/96 h immersion in water of 23°C (1)	ISO 62	mg	30/56
	ISO 62	%	0.39/0.74
- at saturation in air of 23°C / 50% RH	-	%	1.7
- at saturation in water of 23°C	-	%	5.5
Thermal Properties (2)			
Melting temperature (DSC, 10°C/min)	ISO 11357-1/-3	°C	260
Glass transition temperature (DSC, 20°C/min) - (3)	ISO 11357-1/-2	°C	-
Thermal conductivity at 23°C	-	W/(K.m)	0.30
Coefficient of linear thermal expansion:			
- average value between 23 and 60°C	-	m/(m.K)	50 x 10 ⁻⁶
- average value between 23 and 100°C	-	m/(m.K)	60 x 10 ⁻⁶
Temperature of deflection under load:			
- method A: 1.8 MPa	+ ISO 75-1/-2	°C	150
Max. allowable service temperature in air:			
- for short periods (4)	-	°C	200
- continuously : for 5,000 / 20,000 h (5)	-	°C	120/110
Min. service temperature (6)	-	°C	-20
Flammability (7):			
- "Oxygen Index"	ISO 4589-1/-2	%	-
- according to UL 94 (3 / 6 mm thickness)	-	-	HB / HB
Mechanical Properties at 23°C (8)			
Tension test (9):			
- tensile stress at yield / tensile stress at break (10)	+ ISO 527-1/-2	MPa	NYP / 100
	++ ISO 527-1/-2	MPa	NYP / 75
- tensile strength (10)	+ ISO 527-1/-2	MPa	100
- tensile strain at yield (10)	+ ISO 527-1/-2	%	NYP
- tensile strain at break (10)	+ ISO 527-1/-2	%	5
	++ ISO 527-1/-2	%	12
- tensile modulus of elasticity (11)	+ ISO 527-1/-2	MPa	5900
	++ ISO 527-1/-2	MPa	3200
Compression test (12):			
- compressive stress at 1 / 2 / 5 % nominal strain (11)	+ ISO 604	MPa	28 / 55 / 90
Creep test in tension (9):			
- stress to produce 1% strain in 1000 h ($\sigma_{1/1000}$)	+ ISO 899	MPa	26
	++ ISO 899-1	MPa	18
Charpy impact strength - Unnotched (13)	+ ISO 179-1/1eU	kJ/m ²	50
Charpy impact strength - Notched	+ ISO 179-1/1eA	kJ/m ²	6
Izod impact strength - Notched	ISO 180/A	kJ/m ²	6
	ISO 180/A	kJ/m ²	11
Ball indentation hardness (14)	+ ISO 2039-1	N/mm ²	165
Rockwell hardness (14)	+ ISO 2039-2	-	M 76
Electrical Properties at 23 °C			
Electric strength (15)	+ IEC 60243-1	kV/mm	30
	++ IEC 60243-1	kV/mm	20
Volume resistivity	+ IEC 60093	Ohm.cm	> 10 ¹⁴
	++ IEC 60093	Ohm.cm	> 10 ¹³
Surface resistivity	+ IEC 60093	Ohm	> 10 ¹³
	++ IEC 60093	Ohm	> 10 ¹²
Relative permittivity ϵ_r : - at 100 Hz	+ IEC 60250	-	3.9
	++ IEC 60250	-	6.9
- at 1 MHz	+ IEC 60250	-	3.6
	++ IEC 60250	-	3.9
Dielectric dissipation factor tan δ : - at 100 Hz	+ IEC 60250	-	0.012
	++ IEC 60250	-	0.19
- at 1 MHz	+ IEC 60250	-	0.014
	++ IEC 60250	-	0.04
Comparative tracking index (CTI)	+ IEC 60112	-	475
	++ IEC 60112	-	475

Note: 1 g/cm³ = 1,000 kg/m³; 1 MPa = 1 N/mm²; 1 kV/mm = 1 MV/m.

NYP: there is no yield point

Legend:

+ : values referring to dry material
 ++ : values referring to material in equilibrium with the standard atmosphere 23°C/50% RH (mostly derived from literature)

- According to method 1 of ISO 62 and done on discs \varnothing 50 x 3 mm.
- The figures given for these properties are for the most part derived from raw material supplier data and other publications.
- Values for this property are only given here for amorphous materials and not for semi-crystalline ones.
- Only for short time exposure (a few hours) in applications where no or only a very low load is applied to the material.
- Temperature resistance over a period of 5,000/20,000 hours. After these periods of time, there is a decrease in tensile strength - measured at 23°C - of about 50% as compared with the original value. The temperature values given here are thus based on the thermal-oxidative degradation which takes place and causes a reduction in properties. Note, however, that the maximum allowable service temperature depends in many cases essentially on the duration and the magnitude of the mechanical stresses to which the material is subjected.
- Impact strength decreasing with decreasing temperature, the minimum allowable service temperature is practically mainly determined by the extent to which the material is subjected to impact. The value given here is based on unfavourable impact conditions and may consequently not be considered as being the absolute practical limit.
- These estimated ratings, derived from raw material supplier data and other publications, are not intended to reflect hazards presented by the material under actual fire conditions. There is no 'UL File Number' available for the ERTALON 66-GF30 stock shapes.
- The figures given for the properties of dry material (+) are for the most part average values of tests run on test specimens machined out of rods \varnothing 40 - 60 mm. Except for the hardness tests, the test specimens were then taken from an area mid between centre and outside diameter, with their length in longitudinal direction of the rod (parallel to the extrusion direction).
- Test specimens: Type 1 B
- Test speed: 5 mm/min [chosen acc. to ISO 10350-1 as a function of the ductile behaviour of the material (tough or brittle)]
- Test speed: 1 mm/min
- Test specimens: cylinders \varnothing 12 x 30 mm
- Pendulum used: 15 J
- Measured on 10 mm thick test specimens (discs), mid between centre and outside diameter.
- Electrode configuration: \varnothing 25 / \varnothing 75 mm coaxial cylinders ; in transformer oil according to IEC 60296 ; 1 mm thick test specimens.

■ This table, mainly to be used for comparison purposes, is a valuable help in the choice of a material. The data listed here fall within the normal range of product properties. However, they are not guaranteed and they should not be used to establish material specification limits nor used alone as the basis of design.

It has to be noted that this fibre reinforced material shows an anisotropic behaviour (properties differ when measured parallel and perpendicular to the extrusion direction).

AVAILABILITY

Round Rods: \varnothing 10-200 mm - **Plates:** Thicknesses 10-100 mm

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